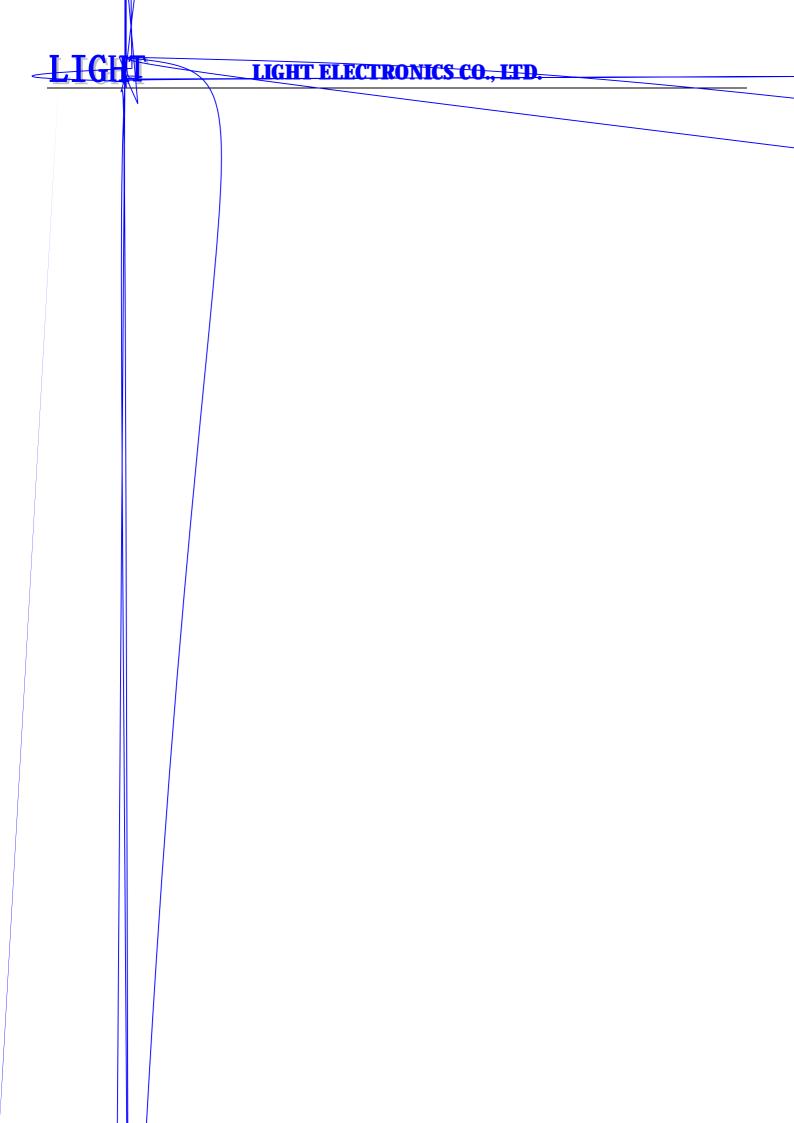


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Electro-Optical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Temperature=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Forward Current		I _F	25	mA
Pulse Forward Current		I _{FP}	100	mA
Reverse Voltage		V _R	5	V
Operating Temperature		T _{OPR}	-30 ~ +85	
Storage Temperature		Tstg	-40 ~ + 100	
	Red		60	
Power Dissipation	Green	P_D	90	mW
1 3113. Diapaton	Blue		90	

0.1ms 1/10 * Note: Pulse Width 0.1ms, Duty 1/10

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Temperature=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
			Red			10	
Reverse Current	I _R	VR=5 V	Green			10	А
Neverse Gurran			Blue			10	
		IF=15mA	Red	1.8	2.0	2.4	
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	IF=8mA	Green	2.4	3.0	3.6	V
Forward vortage		IF=5mA	Blue	2.4	3.0	3.6	
		IF=15mA	Red	615	622	630	
Dominant Wavelength	D	IF=8mA	Green	515	525	535	nm
Dominal vvava drigin		IF=5mA	Blue	465	470	480	
		IF=15mA	Red			24	
Spectrum Radiation		IF=8mA	Green			38	nm
Bandwidth		IF=5mA	Blue			28	
		IF=15mA	Red	310	470	700	
Luminous Intensity	I_V	IF=8mA	Green	500	750	1200	mcd
		IF=5mA	Blue	70	120	180	
View Angle	2 1/2				110		deg.

以上

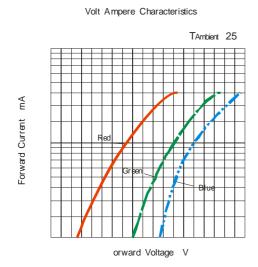
^{*} Note: The parameters above only for your reference. In case of any discrepancy, please adhere to the label of our actual products. All parameters tested by the standard testing system of manufacturer.

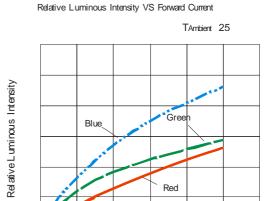
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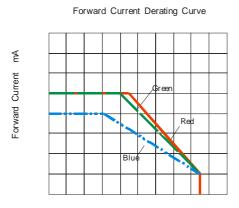


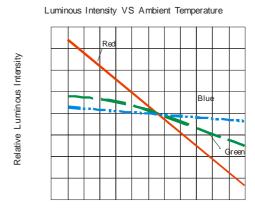
Typical Characteristics Curves





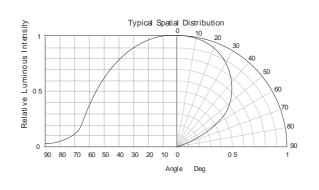
Forward Current mA



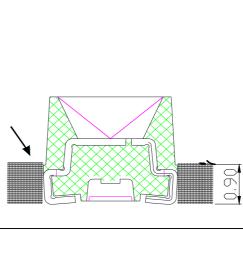


Ambient Temperature

Ambient Temperature







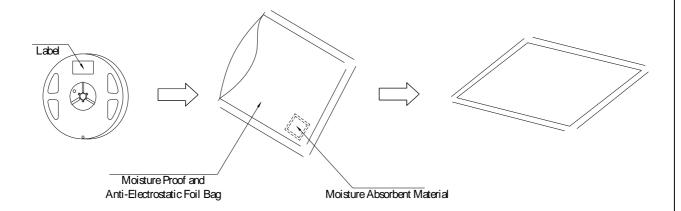




2

Packaging(2)

♦ Moisture Proof and Anti-Electrostatic Foil Bag



♦ Cardboard Box

♦ Label Explanation





2

30

Guideline for Soldering (2)

Reflow soldering should not be done more than one time.

LED

Stress on the LEDs should be avoided during heating in the reflow soldering process.

After soldering, do not deal with the product before its temperature drop down to room temperature.

3.

Cleaning

30 3 50 LED

It is recommended that alcohol Anhydrous ethanol be used as a solvent for cleaning after soldering. Cleaning is to go under 30 for 3 minutes or 50 for 30 seconds. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin or not.

300W LED

LED

Ultrasonic cleaning is also an effective way for cleaning. The influence of Ultrasonic cleaning on LED depends on factors such as ultrasonic power. Generally, the ultrasonic power should not be higher than 300W, otherwise it will cause LED damage. Before cleaning, a pre-test should be done to confirm if any damage to LEDs will occur.

PCB





(1)

Precautions (1)

1.

Storage

•

Moisture proof, anti-electrostatic package and moisture absorbent material are used, to keep moisture to a minimum. Humidity indicator card inside to test if the products are moisted.

• <30 <60 RH

Storage environment: All the products should be stored in the environment of temperature<30 and humidity<60 RH before foiled bags open and need to be baked before SMT.

Before using, please check whether there is any air leakage or not, If the bag has leaked air, Please bake the product with below condition.

• <30 <60 RH 12h

Before soldering ,the product must be stored under the condition of <30 and <60 RH. Under these conditions the SMD LEDs must be used (subject to reflow oven) within 12 hours.

• 70±5 12h 70±5 24h

6 70±5 48h

Baking condition Within 2 months' storage undamped : 70 ± 5 ×12h

After 2 months' storage (undamped): 70±5 ×24h

Damped/Foiled bag leakage/ beyond 6 months' storage at customers' side: 70±5 ×48h

2. Static Electricity

•

Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs. Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs can not be lighted up. In view of the above, we should do some anti-static precautions when using the SMD LEDs.

All devices, equipments and machineries must be properly grounded, at the same time we should take measures to prevent anti-static and voltage surge.

It is also recommended that anti-electrostatic wrist bands, pads, uniforms, gloves or containers can be used when dealing with the LEDs.





(2)

Precautions (2)

3.

Design Consideration

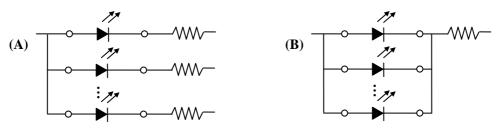
• LED

In designing a circuit, the current through each LED must not exceed the absolute maximum rating specified for each LED. In the meanwhile, resistors for protection should be applied, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change which will probably lead to damage.

• A LED B

LED V_F LED

It is recommended to use Circuit A which regulates the current flowing through each LED rather than Circuit B. When driving LEDs with a constant voltage in Circuit B, the current through the LEDs may vary due to the variation in Forward Voltage (VF) of the LEDs. In the worst case, some LED may be subjected to stress in the excess of the Absolute Maximum Rating.



• LED LED

Thermal Design is paramount importance because heat generation may result in the Characteristics decline, such as brightness decrease, Color change and so on. Please consider the heat dissipation when making the system design.

4. Reverse voltage protection

• LED LED

LED 5V

• In general, the reverse current of LED is very small, which won't affect the normal use of components. But when it is often suffered the reverse voltage which exceeds the limit of the component then it will be damaged.

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(3)

Precautions (3)

Such as the reverse current increase rapidly. And it will cause the string light when the screen is black. So please pay attention to controlling the reverse voltage which less than 5V is recommended.

5.

The safe temperature for LEDs working

• LED

55 75

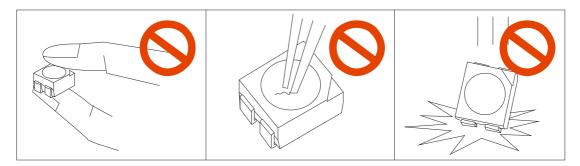
The high temperature will make the LEDs' Luminous Intensity decreased radically, if LEDs are used in hot environment for a long time, they will be disabled easily. When LEDs are used in a high density array, we suggest that the LEDs' surface temperature should be lower than 55 and the legs' temperature should be lower than 75.

6.

Others

•

When handling the product, touching the encapsulation with bare hands will not only contaminate its surface, but also have an effect on its optical characteristics. Excessive force to the encapsulation might result in catastrophic failure of the LEDs due to die breakage or wire deformation. For this reason, please do not put excessive stress on LEDs, especially when the LEDs are heated such as during Reflow Soldering.



LED

The epoxy resin of encapsulation is fragile, so please avoid scratch or friction over the epoxy resin surface. While handling the product with tweezers, do not hold by the epoxy resin, be careful.